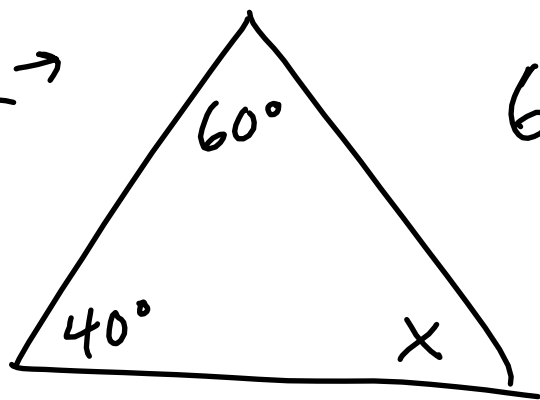


Parallel Lines + Triangles

- Triangle Sum Theorem \rightarrow \angle 's in triangle add to 180°

EX \rightarrow

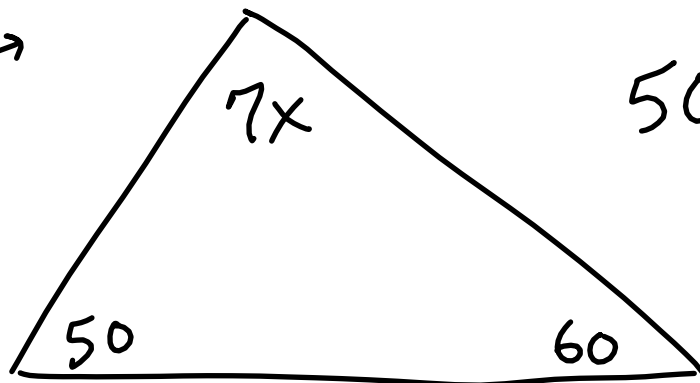


$$60 + 40 + x = 180$$

$$100 + x = 180$$

$$x = 80$$

EX \rightarrow



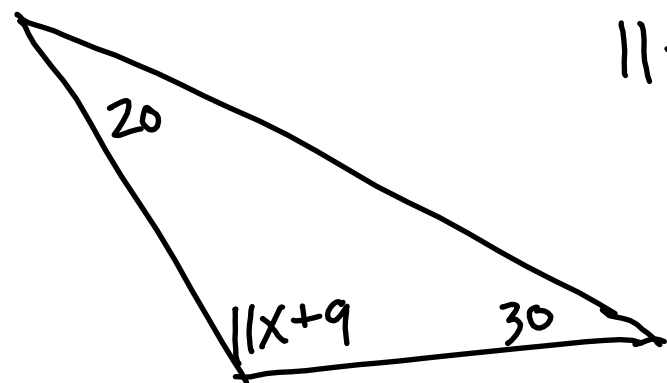
$$50 + 60 + 7x = 180$$

$$110 + 7x = 180$$

$$\frac{7x = 70}{7} \quad \frac{70}{7}$$

$$x = 10$$

EX \rightarrow

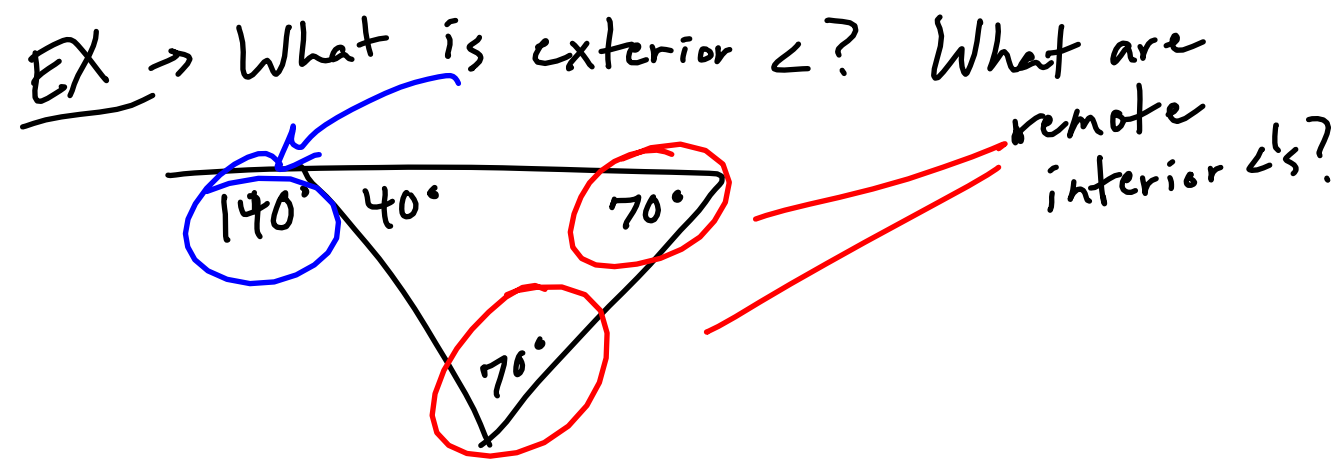
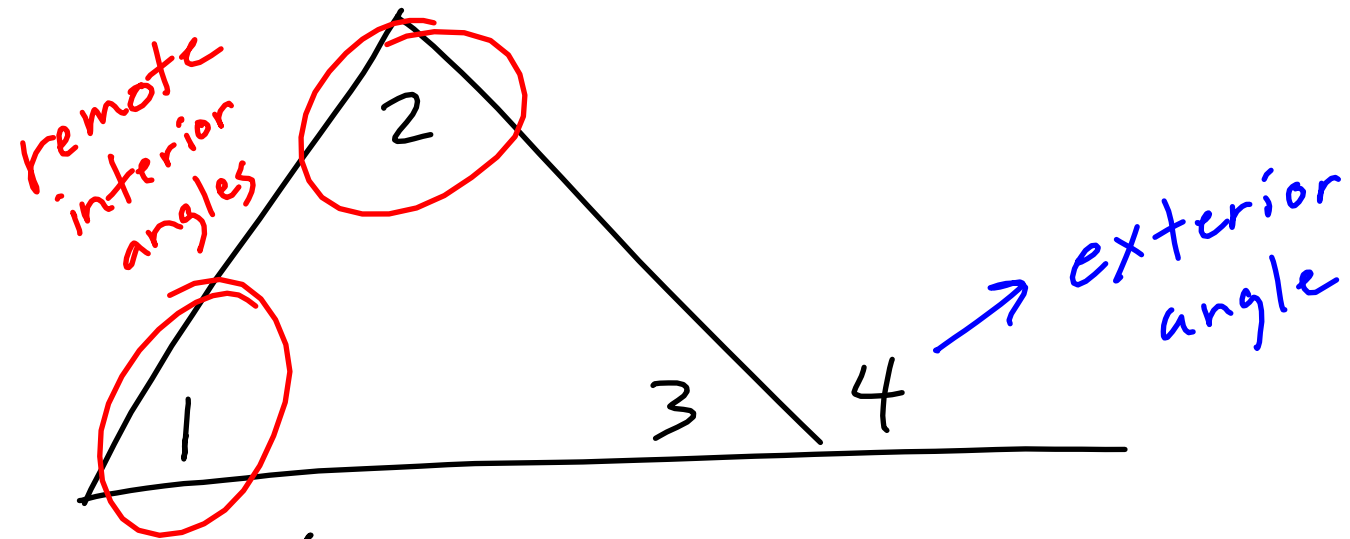


$$11x + 9 + 20 + 30 = 180$$

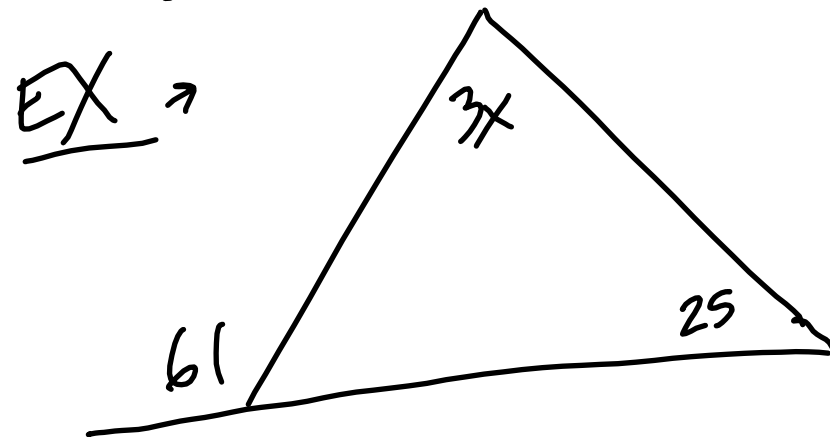
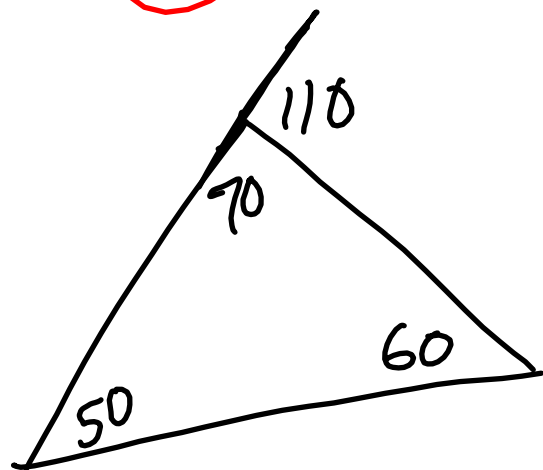
$$11x + 59 = 180$$

$$\frac{11x = 121}{11} \quad \frac{121}{11}$$

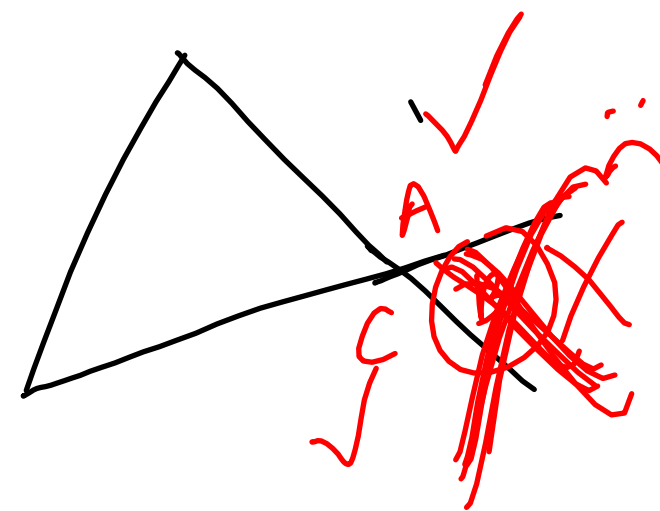
$$x = 11$$



— Triangle Exterior \angle Theorem → exterior \angle of a \triangle is equal to the sum of the 2 remote interior \angle 's



$$\begin{array}{r}
 3x + 25 = 61 \\
 \underline{-25 \quad -25} \\
 3x = 36 \\
 \underline{\quad \quad \quad 3} \\
 x = 12
 \end{array}$$



HW: p. 175 → 9-21, 29, 30, 43

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