

Permutations/Combinations

- Fundamental Counting Principle (FCP) → Event A occurs a ways + Event B occurs b ways, then total # of outcomes is $a \cdot b$

EX → Mr. Higgins has 8 dress shirts, 10 ties, + 6 pairs of dress pants. How many outfits can be made?

$$8 \cdot 10 \cdot 6 = 480$$

EX → Sandwich shop offers 3 types of bread, 5 meats, 5 cheeses, 7 sauces, + 6 toppings. How many sandwiches can be made if 1 of each category must be chosen?

$$3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 = \underline{3150}$$

- Factorial $\rightarrow !$

\hookrightarrow multiply by all whole #s below the #

$$\hookrightarrow 0! = 1$$

EX $\rightarrow 6! = 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 720$

- Permutations \rightarrow # of possibilities where order DOES matter

$${}_n P_r = \frac{n!}{(n-r)!} \quad (n \text{ items chosen } r \text{ at a time})$$

EX \rightarrow 12 people are in a race. How many ways can people finish 1st, 2nd, 3rd?

$${}_{12} P_3 = \frac{12!}{(12-3)!} = \frac{12!}{9!} = \frac{12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 \cdot \cancel{9} \cdot \cancel{8} \cdot \cancel{7} \cdot \cancel{6} \cdot \cancel{5} \cdot \cancel{4} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{1}}{\cancel{9} \cdot \cancel{8} \cdot \cancel{7} \cdot \cancel{6} \cdot \cancel{5} \cdot \cancel{4} \cdot \cancel{3} \cdot \cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{1}} = 12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 = 1320$$

$$\frac{12}{1st} \cdot \frac{11}{2nd} \cdot \frac{10}{3rd} = 1320$$

- Combinations \rightarrow # of possibilities where order DOES NOT matter

$${}_n C_r = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!} \quad (n \text{ items chosen } r \text{ at a time})$$

EX \rightarrow 5 people are eligible for a 3-person committee. How many ways can the committee be chosen?

$${}_5 C_3 = \frac{5!}{3!(5-3)!} = \frac{5 \cdot 4 \cdot \cancel{3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}}{(\cancel{3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1})(2 \cdot 1)} = \frac{20}{2} = 10$$

EX \rightarrow 10 movies to be picked from. 7 movies will be seen. How many possibilities are available for movie marathon?

$${}_{10} C_7 = \frac{10!}{7!(10-7)!} = \frac{10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot \cancel{7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}}{(\cancel{7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1})(3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1)} = \frac{720}{6} = 120$$

HW: p. 841 → 10 - 28 even